CIS 330: Project #3B Assigned: May 2nd, 2018 Due May 9th, 2018 (which means submitted by 6am on May 10th, 2018) Worth 3% of your grade

<u>Please read this entire prompt!</u>

Assignment:

- 1) Add constructors and methods to your struct
- 2) Write additional functions to manipulate images.
- 3) Confirm that your program creates the right output.

This project is in C++, not C.

== 1. Add constructors and one method to your struct ==

Add three constructors (default, parameterized, and copy constructor) to your struct. You might find that multiple parameterized constructors are useful, and you are welcome to add more than one. Note that each copy constructor should allocate new memory for that Image's pixel buffer ... sharing it across images is problematic (who owns the memory and is responsible for freeing it? ... we aren't worried about memory leaks *yet*, but we will soon).

You will also need a method to reset the image's size. This is because the driver program is calling the default constructor, and the size will need to be reset when you want to put a valid image in it. I recommend something like: void ResetSize(int width, int height);

== 2. Write additional functions to manipulate images ==

HalfSize: the output image should be half the width and height. Pixel (i, j) in the output should be the same as pixel (2*i, 2*j) in the input.

LeftRightCombine: take two input images that have the same height and make a single image where they are combined left-to-right. I.e.: (A) + (B) = (AB)

TopBottomCombine: take two input images that have the same width and make a single image where they are combined left-to-right. I.e.: (A) + (B) = (A) (B)

Blend: take two input images that have the same width and height and blend them together. If the "factor" is 0.8, then the output image should be 80% image 1 and 20% image 2. (This would mean a "0.8*V1 + 0.2*V2" summation for each channel.)

Note: for now, you can assume all inputs are valid. That is, if you are doing a left-right concatenation, then the heights of the two images are the same.

The signatures for all of these functions is in functions.h.

== File structure ==

Your Image struct should be transplanted in its own file (.h / .C). I have provided a Makefile that compiles your program. While you are welcome to change it, know that we will be using the Makefile I provide for grading.

== How we will test ==

We will test it by running the main program that can be found on the class website. We will also look at your code.

== What to turn in ==

Make your tar as: tar cvf proj3B.tar image.h functions.C image.C

Before you submit, make sure to test your code on ix-dev. You should execute the provided grader program script (grader.sh) prior to submitting. It should be called within your project directory on ix-dev as follows: ./grader.sh proj3B.tar

You will be substantially penalized if you include your object code (.o's), binary, and /or image. (this increases upload and download times).

== Additional notes ==

Note 1: you do not need to worry about memory leaks yet. That will come in future projects.

Note 2: you now are writing C++ ... make sure you use ".C" (and not ".c").

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Note 3: C++ is touchy about malloc. You will need to cast the return type of malloc.
As in:
data = (unsigned char *) malloc(3*w*h);
where
data = malloc(3*w*h);
was fine in C
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== My advice ==
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This project will force you to retrofit your 3A code. I recommend you test frequently. For example, start with a main function like: #include <image.h> #include <functions.h>

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int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    ReadImage(argv[1], img);
    WriteImage(argv[2], img); /* note the original prompt takes img8 */
}
and make sure that it produces an identical output ("diff"!). If not, you are just going
```

to get yourself in deep.